

# Prokinet

Domperidone

## COMPOSITION

**Prokinet Tablet:** Each film coated tablet contains Domperidone Maleate BP equivalent to Domperidone 10 mg.

**Prokinet Suspension:** Each 5 ml suspension contains Domperidone BP 5 mg.

## PHARMACOLOGY

Prokinet (Domperidone) is a dopamine receptor antagonist. It gives gastroprokinetic action by blocking dopamine receptors located in the chemoreceptor trigger zone (CTZ) and stomach. Due to its weak penetration across the blood-brain barrier, it has almost no effect on the dopaminergic receptors in the brain, therefore excluding psychotropic and neurologic side effects.

## INDICATION

It is used in the following indications:

1. Stimulation of gut motility in non-ulcer dyspepsia, gastro-esophageal reflux disease, reflux esophagitis, diabetic gastroparesis & functional dyspepsia.
2. Speeding Barium transit in 'follow through' radiological studies.
3. Prevention and symptomatic relief of acute nausea and vomiting due to cytotoxic therapy, anti-parkinsonism therapy, radio therapy or migraine.

## DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

**Adults:** One 10 mg tablet up to three times per day with a maximum dose of 30 mg per day or 10 ml suspension up to three times per day with a maximum dose of 30 ml per day.

**Children:** The dose is 0.25 mg/kg. This should be given up to three times per day with a maximum dose of 0.75 mg/kg per day.  
It should be taken 15-30 minutes before meal.

## CONTRAINDICATION

It is contraindicated in patients with known hypersensitivity to Domperidone or any components of the preparation. Domperidone should not be used whenever gastro-intestinal stimulation might be dangerous (i.e., gastro-intestinal haemorrhage, mechanical obstruction or perforation). It is also contraindicated in prolactinoma.

## WARNING AND PRECAUTION

It should be used with absolute caution in case of children because there may be increased risk of extra-pyramidal reactions. Since Domperidone is highly metabolized in liver, it should be used with caution in patient with hepatic impairment.

## SIDE EFFECTS

It may produce hyperprolactinemia (1.3%). This may result in galactorrhea, breast enlargement & soreness and reduced libido. Dry mouth (1.9%), thirst, headache (1.2%), nervousness, drowsiness (0.4%), diarrhoea (0.2%), skin rash and itching (0.1%) may occur during treatment with Domperidone. Extra-pyramidal reactions are seen in 0.05% of patients in clinical studies.

## USE IN PREGNANCY AND LACTATION

The safety of use of Domperidone has not been proven during pregnancy; it is therefore not recommended during pregnancy. Animal studies have not demonstrated teratogenic effects on the fetus. Domperidone may precipitate galactorrhea and improve post-natal lactation. It is secreted in breast milk in very small quantities which is insufficient to be considered harmful.

## USE IN CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

Neonates/infants, children (less than 12 years of age) and adolescents weighing less than 35 kg should use Prokinet suspension.

## DRUG INTERACTION

The action of Domperidone on gastro-intestinal function may be antagonized by antimuscarinics and opioid analgesics. Care should be exercised when Domperidone is administered in combination with MAO (monoamine oxidase) inhibitors.

## OVERDOSAGE

In the event of overdose, standard symptomatic treatment should be given immediately. ECG monitoring should be undertaken, because of the possibility of QT interval prolongation.

## STORAGE

Store below 30°C temperature in a cool and dry place. Protect from light. Keep out of the reach of children.

## HOW SUPPLIED

**Prokinet Tablet:** Each box contains 100 tablets in Alu-PVC blister pack.

**Prokinet Suspension:** Each amber PET bottle contains 60 ml suspension.